

Borehole

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

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52-01-05

Log Event A

Borehole Information

Farm : TY Tank : TY-101 Site Number : <u>299-W10-89</u>

N-Coord: 42,570 **W-Coord**: 75,818 **TOC** Elevation: 670.77

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : 12/31/1971

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{100}$

Borehole Notes:

According to the driller's record, this borehole was not perforated or grouted. The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of the published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel casing. The top of the casing, which is the zero reference for the SGLS, is approximately 1 ft below the tank farm grade.

Equipment Information

Logging System : $\underline{2}$ Detector Type : \underline{HPGe} Detector Efficiency: $\underline{35.0~\%}$

Calibration Date : $\underline{10/1995}$ Calibration Reference : $\underline{GJPO-HAN-3}$ Logging Procedure : $\underline{P-GJPO-1783}$

Log Run Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 5/2/1996 Logging Engineer: Alan Pearson

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{98.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



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Borehole 52-01-05

Log Event A

Analysis Information

Analyst: S.D. Barry

Data Processing Reference : P-GJPO-1787 Analysis Date : 1/16/1997

Analysis Notes:

This borehole was logged in one log run. The pre- and post-survey field verification spectra met the acceptance criteria established for the peak shape and detector efficiency, confirming that the SGLS was operating within specifications. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from these spectra were used to establish the channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

Casing correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing were applied during the analysis.

The only man-made radionuclide detected in this borehole was Cs-137. The presence of Cs-137 was measured intermittently from the ground surface to about 15.5 ft and almost continuously between 34.5 and 47.5 ft. The maximum Cs-137 concentration was 4.7 pCi/g at 41.5 ft.

The K-40 concentration values begin to increase at about 45 ft and the Th-232 and U-238 concentration values begin to increase at about 90 ft.

Additional information and interpretations of the log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Report for tank TY-101.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made (Cs-137) and the naturally occurring radionuclides (KUT). The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gammarays used to calculate the concentrations.

A combination plot includes the man-made and naturally occurring radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.

Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.